



WOLF RANCH
HOA Meeting
MAY 18, 2023

MAINTAINING YOUR LANDSCAPE



Tips to Rejuvenate Freeze Burned Plant Material

- ▶ **TREES:** Due to the early freeze, there was some early leaf drop, brown in Eastern Red Cedar and damaged leaves on broadleaf evergreens.
- ▶ **FERTILIZE TREES:** Fertilize trees this month with 1/3 to 1/2 pound of turf fertilizer per inch trunk diameter of tree. Spread fertilizer evenly from trunk to past drip line of tree.

Tips to Rejuvenate Freeze Burned Plant Material



► **SHRUBS:** Some shrubs had damaged leaves but these will drop off as we go into spring green up. Wait to prune until green up begins. Fertilize in May to improve vigor.

► **GROUND COVER:** Some plants will have burned or yellow leaves that will drop off at green up. Fertilize in May to improve vigor.

Tips to Rejuvenate Freeze Burned Plant Material



► **PLANTS WITH UNDERGROUND RHIZOMES:** Foxtail fern, dianella, lirioppe, etc., have burned leaves that can be cut back at any time. Fertilize in May to improve vigor.

► **ORNAMENTAL GRASSES AND PERENNIALS:** These plants should all recover. Fertilize in May to improve vigor.

Tips to Rejuvenate Freeze Burned Plant Material

BERMUDAGRASS: Bermudagrass should have no damage since it was dormant going into the freeze. Fertilize in May to encourage new growth and improve vigor.

Bermudagrass has been slow to come out due to the cooler night temperatures.

If Bermudagrass went into the December arctic blast, there may be some dead areas but with fertilization, it should recover.

It is very important to protect plants by watering before going into a cold spell. This can't be over emphasized!

FERTILIZER

Quick Release

- ▶ Nutrients readily available with rain or irrigation
- ▶ Stimulate quick leaf growth and greening

Example: Ammonium Sulfate

Slow Release

- ▶ Provides more uniform growth
- ▶ Less likely to burn
- ▶ Lasts longer in soil
- ▶ Less polluting

Example: Bio-Sol (plant-based), Milorganite (animal-based) Nitroform (Urea Formaldehyde) or Nutralene (Methylene Urea)

FERTILIZER

When to Apply

Bermudagrass

- ▶ March
- ▶ May/June
- ▶ September

How Much to Apply

- ▶ Follow label on fertilizer selected



PRE-EMERGENT WEED CONTROL

- ▶ Why use a pre-emergent
- ▶ When to apply a pre-emergent (for warm season grasses):
February, May, September
- ▶ Kind of pre-emergent to apply
- ▶ How much to apply
- ▶ Follow label directions

WATERING

- ❖ The irrigation system will be switched to OFF position October through May and the following run times in those months will only apply during periods of drought.
- ❖ FEBRUARY - Set to run 1 time every 2 weeks
- ❖ MARCH and APRIL- Set to run 1 time every 7 to 10 days
- ❖ May - Set to run 1 or 2 times per week
- ❖ JUNE, JULY and AUGUST - Set to run 2 times per week
- ❖ SEPTEMBER, OCTOBER and NOVEMBER - Set to run 1 or 2 times per week
- ❖ DECEMBER AND JANUARY - Turn Controller OFF if there is plenty of rain or set to run 1 time every 2 weeks

ANNUAL COLOR - SUN



Zinnia



Salvia



Periwinkle



Lantana - Texas Red

ANNUAL COLOR - SHADE

Impatiens



Caladiums

MULCHING

Why to mulch:

- ❖ To prevent weeds
- ❖ To conserve water
- ❖ Improves bed and tree ring appearance

Type of mulch:

- ❖ Brown Mulch
- ❖ Dyed-Brown, Double-ground mulch
- ❖ No other color mulches are acceptable
- ❖ Maintain at a depth of no more than 2”



FIRE ANT CONTROL - TEXAS TWO STEP

▶ **STEP ONE - Apply a bait**



▶ **STEP TWO - Mound Treatment**



The background features abstract, overlapping geometric shapes in various shades of green, ranging from light lime to dark forest green. The shapes are primarily triangles and polygons, creating a dynamic, layered effect. The central area is white, providing a clean space for the text.

IT IS YOUR TURN!

Q & A